

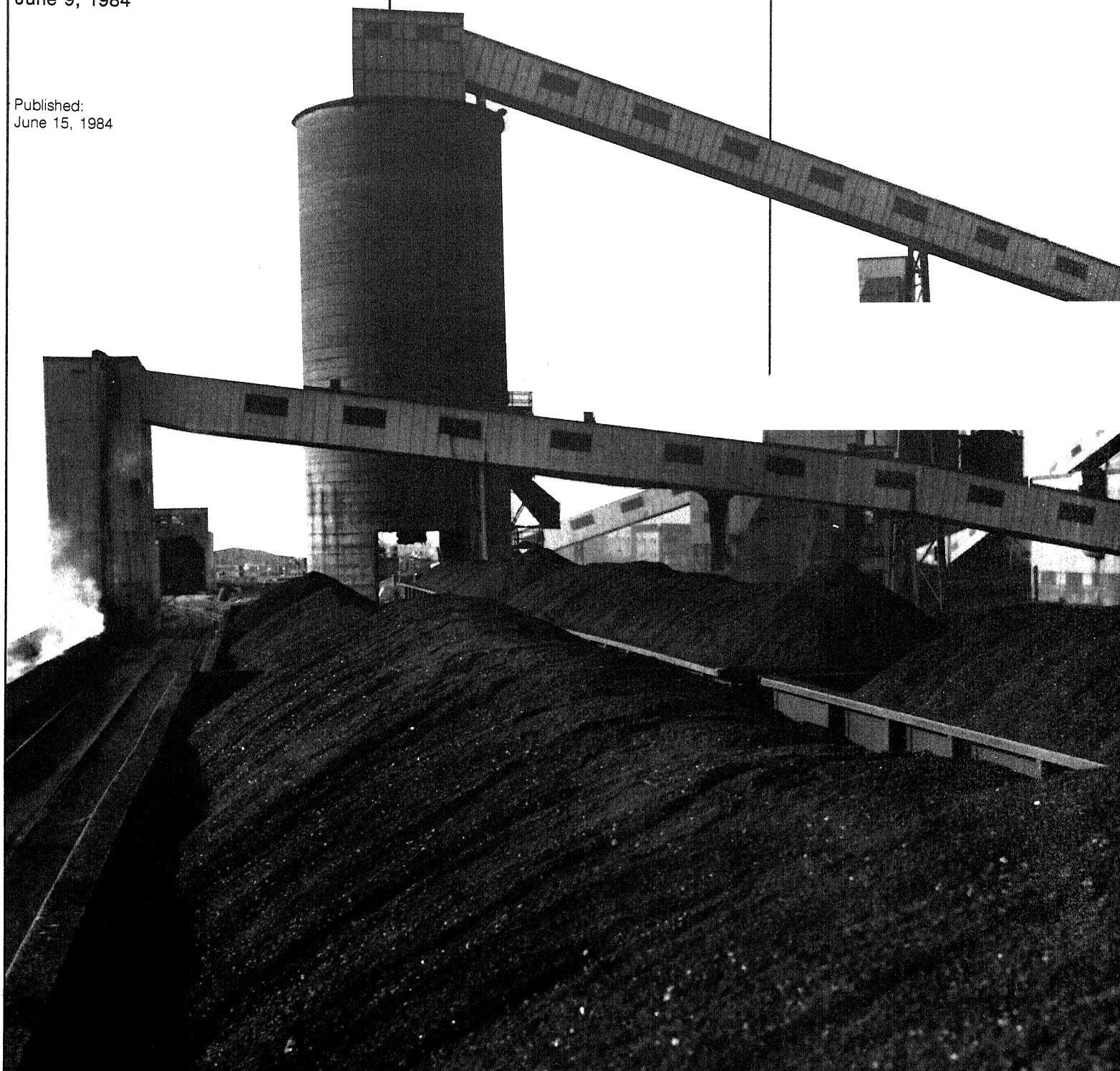
Weekly Coal Production

Energy Information Administration
Washington, D.C.



Production for Week Ended:
June 9, 1984

Published:
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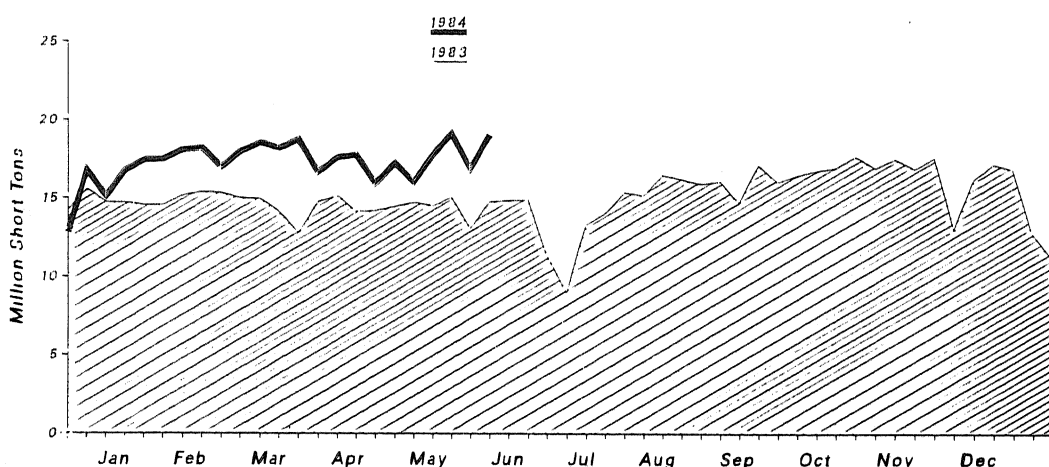


Highlights

Production of bituminous coal and lignite in the week ended June 9, 1984, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, was 19,019,000 short tons. This was an increase of 2,146,000 short tons, or 12.7 percent from production in the previous week. Production in the corresponding week of 1983 was 15,092,000 short tons. Bituminous coal and lignite production from January 1 through June 9, 1984, totaled 397,087,000 short tons, 16.9 percent above production in the same period of 1983.

Production of Pennsylvania anthracite in the week ended June 9, 1984, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, was 96,000 short tons, an increase of 11,000 short tons or 12.9 percent from production in the previous week. Production in the corresponding week of 1983 was 84,000 short tons. Anthracite production from January 1 through June 9, 1984, totaled 1,994,000 short tons, 24.5 percent above production for the same period of 1983.

Figure 1. Production of Bituminous Coal and Lignite, 1984 (Million Short Tons)



Production of
ous Coal and
Lignite
d Short Tons)

	Week Ending			Year to Date		Percent Change
	6/9/84 ^a	6/2/84 ^a	6/11/83 ^a	6/9/84 ^a	6/11/83 ^a	
Total Production	19,019	16,873	15,092	397,087	339,635	+16.9
Railroad Carloadings	129,472	114,334	103,708	2,626,201	2,251,985	

^aPreliminary.

Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads.

Table 2. Production of Bituminous Coal and Lignite, by State (Thousand Short Tons)

State	Week Ending		
	June 9, 1984 ^a	June 2, 1984 ^a	June 11, 1983 ^a
Alabama	554	494	444
Alaska	14	13	13
Arizona	293	260	268
Arkansas	4	4	3
Colorado	318	280	356
Georgia	5	5	4
Illinois	1,332	1,172	1,121
Indiana	832	689	572
Iowa	10	9	8
Kansas	16	16	14
Kentucky			
Eastern	2,635	2,361	1,887
Western	790	708	626
Total	3,425	3,069	2,513
Maryland	94	76	111
Missouri	113	94	93
Montana	624	647	548
New Mexico	594	491	423
North Dakota	418	413	330
Ohio	869	732	700
Oklahoma	110	111	105
Pennsylvania	1,558	1,179	1,320
Tennessee	151	133	139
Texas	929	824	782
Utah	309	268	250
Virginia	791	663	680
Washington	84	75	58
West Virginia	3,110	2,679	2,094
Wyoming	2,460	2,477	2,143
Total	19,019	16,873	15,092

^aPreliminary.
Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads, and selected State agencies.

Figure 2. Production of Pennsylvania Anthracite, 1984 (Thousand Short Tons)

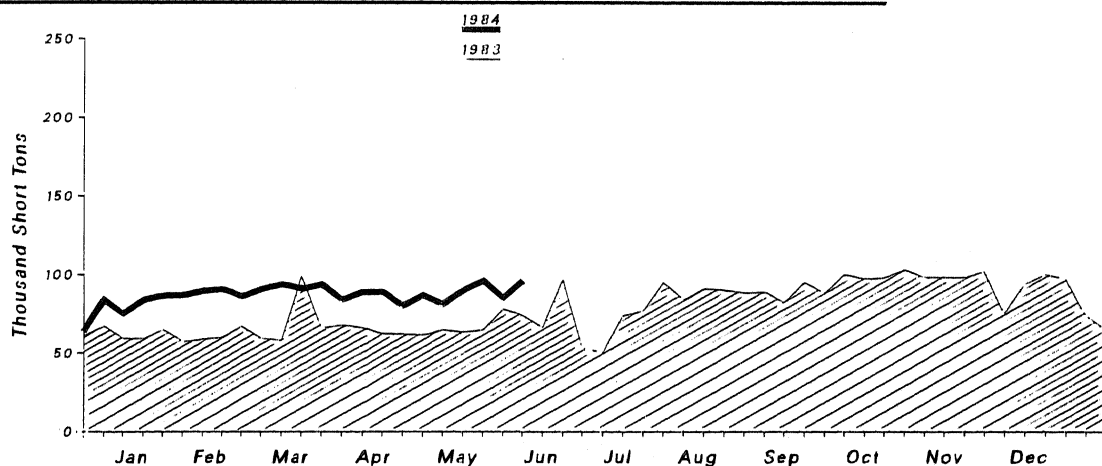


Table 3. Production of Anthracite (Thousand Short Tons)

	Week Ending			Year to Date		Percent Change
	6/9/84 ^a	6/2/84 ^a	6/11/83 ^a	6/9/84 ^a	6/11/83 ^a	
Total Production	96	85	84	1,994	1,601	+24.5
Railroad Carloadings	138	359	364	4,101	3,601	

^aPreliminary.
Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads.
Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

WCP

Energy Information Administration Weekly Coal Production

Weekly Coal Production provides timely information on coal: current statistics on the production of anthracite, bituminous coal, and lignite are provided each week; monthly and annual statistics on coal consumption, production, stocks, imports, and exports, and related supply and demand data are provided as they become available.

Weekly Coal Production is intended for use by the coal industry, the press, State and Federal Governments, policy makers, consumers, and analysts. Weekly coal production estimates are based on current trends in weekly rail carloadings of coal and current coal production trends as reported in *Coal Distribution* (Form EIA-6), monthly and quarterly coal production reports from State mine agencies, and *Coal Production Annual* (Form EIA-7a).

This report was prepared by the Energy Information Administration, the independent statistical and analytical agency within the Department of Energy. The information contained herein should not be construed as advocating or necessarily reflecting any policy position of the Department of Energy or any other organization.

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